



**Faculty of Engineering**  
**ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**  
***EENG115/INFE115 Introduction to Logic Design***  
***EENG211/INFE211 Digital Logic Design I***

**Fall 2011-12**

**Instructors:**  
**M. K. Uygurođlu**  
**H. Demirel**

*Midterm EXAMINATION*

Nov.22, 2011

*Duration:100 minutes*

Number of Problems: 6

*Good Luck*

<b>STUDENT'S</b>	
NUMBER	
NAME	
SURNAME	
GROUP NO	

<b>Problem</b>	<b>Achieved</b>	<b>Maximum</b>
1		10
2		10
3		20
4		20
5		20
6		20
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>100</b>

**Question 1 (10 points)**

a. Convert the following binary numbers to the indicated bases.(6 pts.)

i. 10111011 to octal

$$\underbrace{010}_2 \underbrace{111}_7 \underbrace{011}_3 = (273)_8$$

ii. 1011011101 to hexadecimal

$$\underbrace{0010}_2 \underbrace{1101}_D \underbrace{1101}_D = (2DD)_{16}$$

iii. 11000101.101 to decimal

$$1*2^7 + 1*2^6 + 0*2^5 + 0*2^4 + 0*2^3 + 1*2^2 + 0*2 + 1 + 1*2^{-1} + 0*2^{-2} + 1*2^{-3} = 128+64+4+1+0.5+0.125=197.625$$

b. Convert the **octal** number  $(36.065)_8$  to binary and hexadecimal.(4 pts.)

3	6	.	0	6	5
00011	110	.	000	110	101000

Binary Equivalent

$$\underbrace{00011}_1 \underbrace{110}_E \underbrace{.}_{.} \underbrace{000}_1 \underbrace{110}_A \underbrace{101000}_8$$

$$(36.065)_8 = (11110.000110101)_2 = (1E.1A8)_{16}$$

**Question 2 (10 points):**

a) Find the  $(r-1)$ 's and  $r$ 's complements of the following numbers in the indicated bases. (4 pts.)

i.  $(8649)_{10}$

9's complement: 1350  
10's complement: 1351

ii.  $(10111011)_2$

1's complement: 01000100  
2's complement: 01000101

b) Perform the following operations by using signed 2's complement of decimal numbers (6 pts.)

i.)  $(-29) + (-43)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 = 00011101 \quad -29 = 11100011 \quad 11100011 \\ 43 = 00101011 \quad -43 = 11010101 \quad 11010101 \\ \hline \pm 10111000 \end{array}$$

The result is  $-(01001000) = -72$

ii)  $(-66) - (-75) = -66 + 75$

$$\begin{array}{r} 66 = 01000010 \quad -66 = 10111110 \\ 75 = 01001011 \\ \hline 10111110 \\ 01001011 \\ \hline \pm 00001001 \end{array}$$

The result is  $1001 = 9$

**Question 3 (20 points):**

a) Construct truth table for the following function (5 pts.)

$$F(A,B,C)=AC' +ABC +A'C'$$

A	B	C	A'	C'	AC'	ABC	A'C'	AC'+ABC+A'C'
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1

b) Use the truth table of (a) to write the function  $F$  in

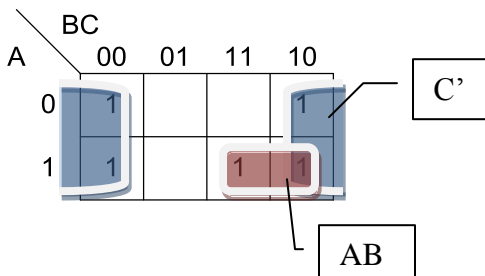
i. sum of minterms form, (2.5 pts.)

$$F(A, B, C) = \sum(0,2,4,6,7)$$

ii. product of Maxterms form. (2.5 pts.)

$$F(A, B, C) = \prod(1,3,5)$$

c) Simplify the following function  $F$  in (a) using Karnaugh map. (5 pts.)



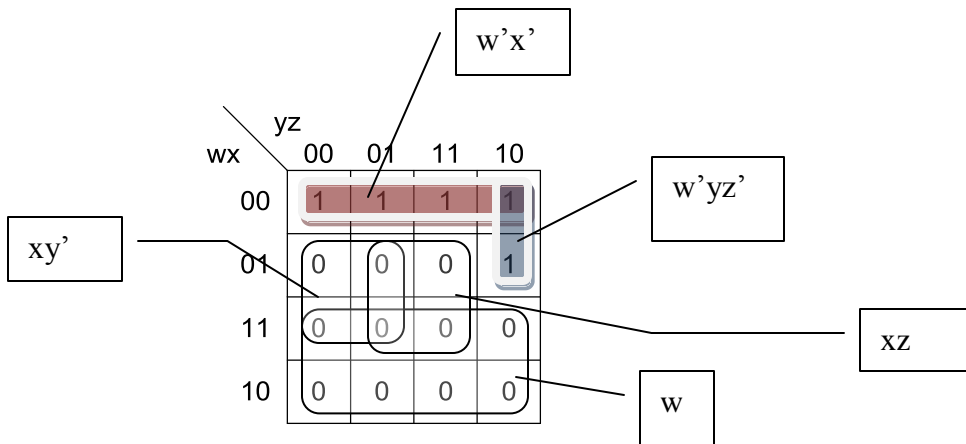
$$F(A,B,C)=AB+C'$$

**Question 4 (20 points):**

Implement the following Boolean function  $F$  using two-level forms of logic by using

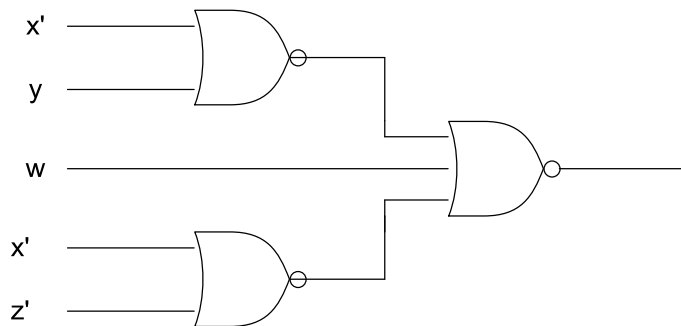
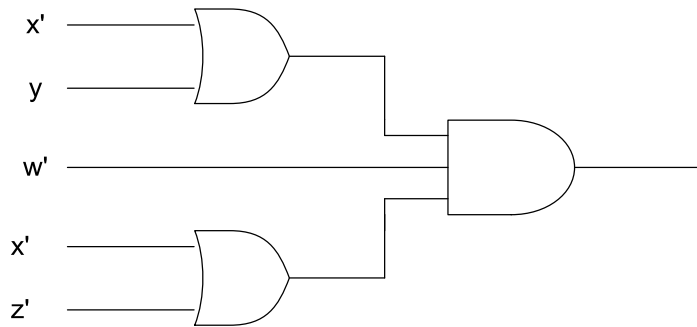
- (a) NOR gates only,
- (b) NAND gates only,
- (c) OR-NAND,
- (d) AND-NOR.

$$F(w,x,y,z) = w'x' + w'x'z + w'yz'$$

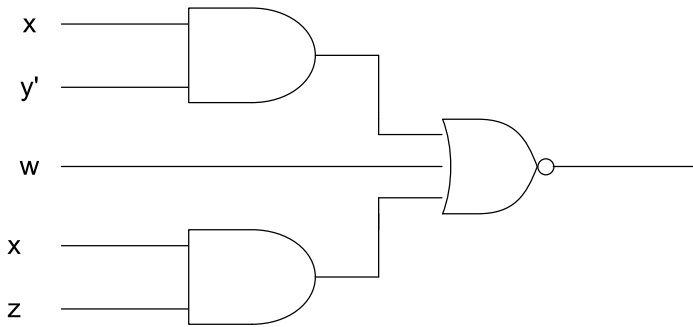


$$F'(w,x,y,z) = w + xy' + xz$$

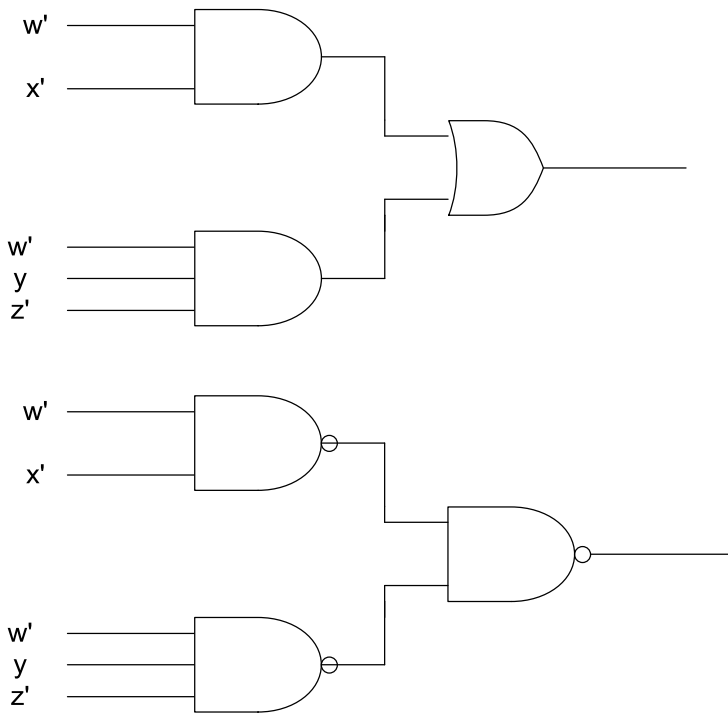
$$F(w,x,y,z) = w'(x'+y)(x'+z')$$



$F(w,x,y,z)=(w+xy'+xz)'$  for AND-NOR implementation

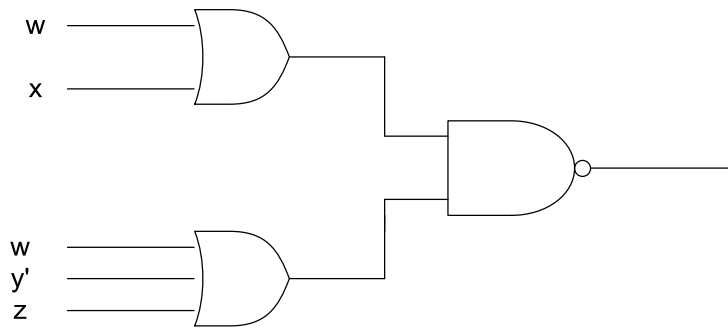


$F(w,x,y,z)=w'x'+w'yz'$



$F'(w,x,y,z)=(w+x)(w+y'+z)$

$F(w,x,y,z)=((w+x)(w+y'+z))'$  for OR-NAND implementation



**Question 5 (20 points):**

Implement the following Boolean function  $F$ , together with the don't-care conditions  $d$ . Use minimum number of gates in your implementations. Generate two implementations one of which is using

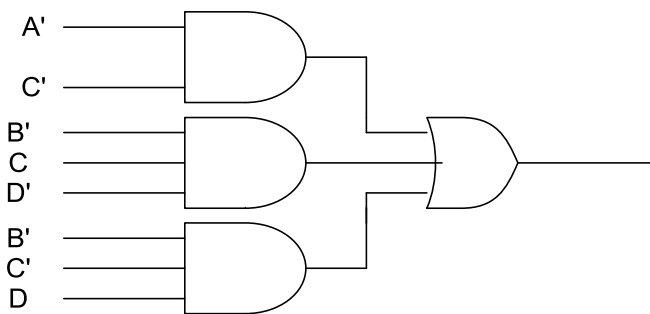
- a.) two-level NAND gates.
- b.) two-level NOR gates.

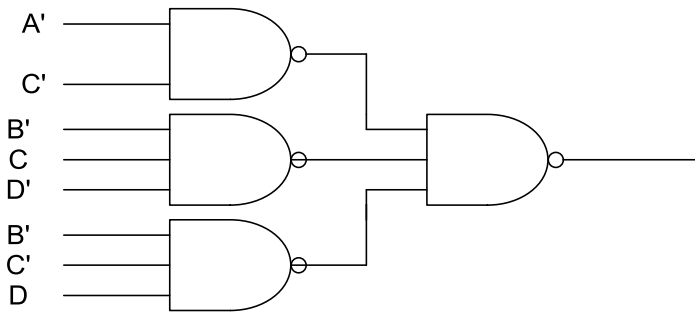
$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (4,9,10)$$

$$d(A,B,C,D) = \sum (0,1,2,5,7)$$

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	X	X	0	X
01	1	X	X	0
11	0	0	0	0
10	0	1	0	1

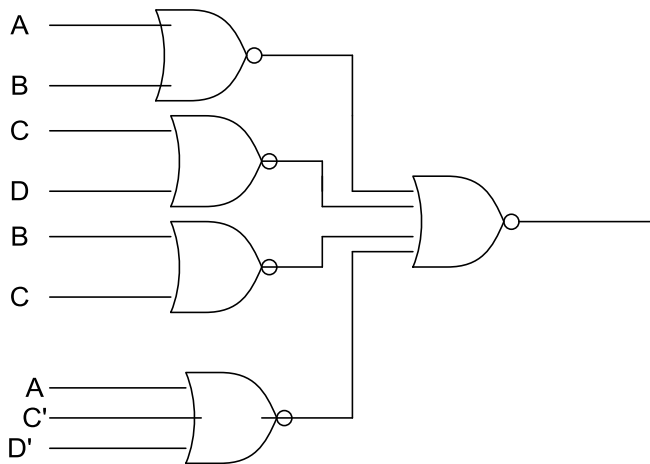
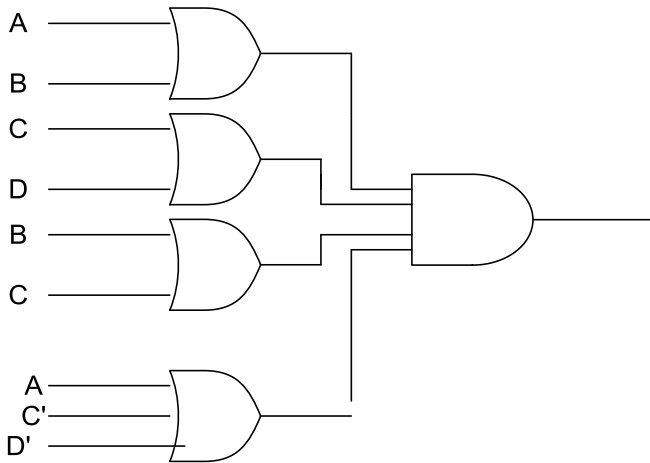
$$F(A,B,C,D) = A'C' + B'C'D + B'CD'$$





$$F'(A,B,C,D) = AB + CD + BC + AC'D'$$

$$F(A,B,C,D) = (A'+B')(C'+D')(B'+C')(A'+C+D)$$



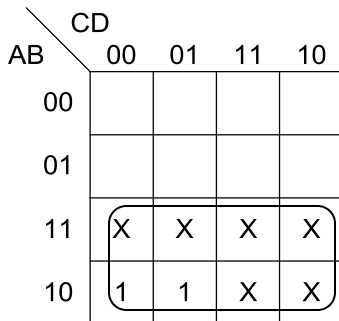


**Question 6 (20 points):**

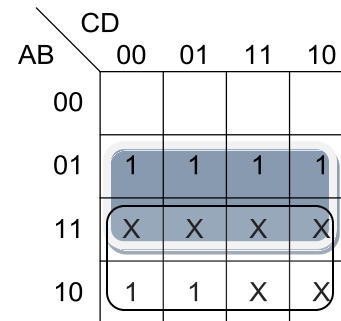
Design a digital converter circuit which converts BCD to Gray Code. Use don't care conditions indicated below.

BCD Code ABCD	Gray Code wxyz
0000	0000
0001	0001
0010	0011
0011	0010
0100	0110
0101	0111
0110	0101
0111	0100
1000	1100
1001	1101
1010	xxxx
1011	xxxx
1100	xxxx
1101	xxxx
1110	xxxx
1111	xxxx

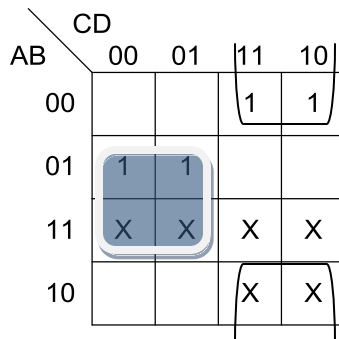
$w=A$



$x = A + B$



$y=BC'+B'C$



$$Z=C'D+CD'$$

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00		1		1
01		1		1
11	X	X	X	X
10		1	X	X

