

EENG 463 ANTENNA THEORY

Department:

Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Program Name:

Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Program Code: 27

Course Number:

EENG 463

Credits:

4

 Required Course

 Area Elective

Prerequisite(s):

EENG 331

Catalog Description:

Brief review of electromagnetic theory. Antenna parameters. Radar equation. Friis transmission formula. Receiving antennas; effective area, polarization mismatch factor. Radiation; retarded potentials. Hertzian dipole. Near and far fields. Linear antennas. Uniform and non-uniform arrays. Pattern multiplication. Dipoles above ground. Aperture antenna theory. Horn and reflector antennas. Propagation. Basic modes of propagation. Ground and surface waves. Ionospheric wave propagation.

Course Web Page: <http://opencourses.emu.edu.tr/course/view.php?id=395>
Textbook(s):

C.A. Balanis, Antenna Theory: Analysis and Design, 2/e, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1996

Indicative Basic Reading List :

1. Kraus, Antennas, McGraw-Hill
2. Stutzman and Thiele, Antenna Theory and Design, Wiley.

Course Outline:

Week 1:	Course Registration Period Course objectives, course description,
Week 2 -3:	Radiation pattern, Directive gain, Directivity, Gain, Efficiency, Beamwidth, Polarization, Input impedance.
Week 4:	Effective aperture, Friis transmission equation, Radar range equation.
Week 5-6:	Hertzian Dipole, Small and finite size dipoles, Loop antennas.
Week 7-8:	2 element array, N-element array, Maxima, Minima, Sidelobes, Pattern multiplication, Non-uniform aperture distribution.
Week 9-10:	Midterm Examinations
Week 11	Dipoles above ground.
Week 12-13	Rectangular and circular apertures, Horn antennas, Reflector and lens antennas
Week 14	Groundwave, tropospheric and ionospheric propagation
Week 15:	Final Examination

Course Learning Outcomes:

1. On successful completion of this course, all students will have developed **knowledge** and **understanding** of:
 - (a) Basic parameters of antennas,
 - (b) Friis transmission formula and radar range equation,
 - (c) Hertzian dipoles and finite size dipoles,
 - (d) Linear array antennas,
 - (e) Dipoles above ground,
 - (f) Aperture antennas,
 - (g) Basic modes of propagation
2. On successful completion of this course, all students will have developed their appreciation of respect for **values and attitudes** regarding, carrying out directed private study using textbooks other provided resources.

Class Schedule:

4 hrs of lectures per week

Tutorial Schedule:

2 hours of laboratory work per week

Assessment	Method	No	Percentage
	Midterm Exam	1	35%
	Quizzes+ Homeworks	3+4	15 %
	Laboratory Work	3-4	10%
	Final Examination	1	40%

Make-Up Policy:

Students missing an examination should provide a valid excuse within three days following the examination they missed. No separate make-up exams are administered for midterm and final exams. Re-sit examination is to be

used as make-up examinations, instead.

Contribution of Course to Criterion 5

Credit Hours for:

Mathematics & Basic Science : 0

Engineering Design : 4

General Education : 0

Relationship of Course to Program Outcomes

The course has been designed to contribute to the following program outcomes:

- (a) ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering;
- (b) ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- (c) ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability;
- (e) ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- (i) ability to engage in and recognize the need for life-long learning;
- (k) ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Contribution of Course Learning Outcomes to Student Outcomes

Course Learning Outcome	Student Outcomes										
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
1) Basic parameters of antennas,	•		•		•				•		•
2) Friis transmission formula and radar range equation,	•		•								•
3) Hertzian dipoles and finite size dipoles,	•	•	•		•						•
4) Linear array antennas,	•		•		•						•
5) Dipoles above ground,	•		•		•						•
6) Aperture antennas,	•		•		•						•
7) Basic modes of propagation	•		•		•						•
Prepared by: Rasime Uyguroğlu	Date Prepared: 17 February 2020										